

SSB 6644 - S AMD 97

By Senator Keiser and Pflug

ADOPTED 02/15/2008

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the
2 following:

3 "NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1.** The legislature finds and declares that
4 there is a paramount concern that the right of the people to obtain
5 access to health care in all its facets should be preserved and
6 enhanced. The legislature also finds that the establishment of a
7 medical home is an effective way to improve quality of care and reduce
8 unnecessary administrative costs in the delivery of care. The
9 legislature further finds that the unique characteristics of eye care
10 and the structure of insurance coverage relating to medical eye care
11 and vision only services create confusion among enrollees of health
12 plans and create inefficiencies in the delivery of medical eye care,
13 and that creating a primary care medical home relationship for eye care
14 patients will improve the quality of care and reduce the cost of eye
15 care. It is the intent of the legislature to eliminate unnecessary
16 burdens faced by patients needing medical eye care services. It is,
17 therefore, declared to be in the public interest that health plans
18 covering primary medical eye care conform to certain minimum
19 requirements.

20 **Sec. 2.** RCW 48.43.005 and 2007 c 296 s 1 and 2007 c 259 s 32 are
21 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

22 Unless otherwise specifically provided, the definitions in this
23 section apply throughout this chapter.

24 (1) "Adjusted community rate" means the rating method used to
25 establish the premium for health plans adjusted to reflect actuarially
26 demonstrated differences in utilization or cost attributable to
27 geographic region, age, family size, and use of wellness activities.

28 (2) "Basic health plan" means the plan described under chapter
29 70.47 RCW, as revised from time to time.

1 (3) "Basic health plan model plan" means a health plan as required
2 in RCW 70.47.060(2)(e).

3 (4) "Basic health plan services" means that schedule of covered
4 health services, including the description of how those benefits are to
5 be administered, that are required to be delivered to an enrollee under
6 the basic health plan, as revised from time to time.

7 (5) "Catastrophic health plan" means:

8 (a) In the case of a contract, agreement, or policy covering a
9 single enrollee, a health benefit plan requiring a calendar year
10 deductible of, at a minimum, one thousand seven hundred fifty dollars
11 and an annual out-of-pocket expense required to be paid under the plan
12 (other than for premiums) for covered benefits of at least three
13 thousand five hundred dollars, both amounts to be adjusted annually by
14 the insurance commissioner; and

15 (b) In the case of a contract, agreement, or policy covering more
16 than one enrollee, a health benefit plan requiring a calendar year
17 deductible of, at a minimum, three thousand five hundred dollars and an
18 annual out-of-pocket expense required to be paid under the plan (other
19 than for premiums) for covered benefits of at least six thousand
20 dollars, both amounts to be adjusted annually by the insurance
21 commissioner; or

22 (c) Any health benefit plan that provides benefits for hospital
23 inpatient and outpatient services, professional and prescription drugs
24 provided in conjunction with such hospital inpatient and outpatient
25 services, and excludes or substantially limits outpatient physician
26 services and those services usually provided in an office setting.

27 In July 2008, and in each July thereafter, the insurance
28 commissioner shall adjust the minimum deductible and out-of-pocket
29 expense required for a plan to qualify as a catastrophic plan to
30 reflect the percentage change in the consumer price index for medical
31 care for a preceding twelve months, as determined by the United States
32 department of labor. The adjusted amount shall apply on the following
33 January 1st.

34 (6) "Certification" means a determination by a review organization
35 that an admission, extension of stay, or other health care service or
36 procedure has been reviewed and, based on the information provided,
37 meets the clinical requirements for medical necessity, appropriateness,

1 level of care, or effectiveness under the auspices of the applicable
2 health benefit plan.

3 (7) "Concurrent review" means utilization review conducted during
4 a patient's hospital stay or course of treatment.

5 (8) "Covered person" or "enrollee" means a person covered by a
6 health plan including an enrollee, subscriber, policyholder,
7 beneficiary of a group plan, or individual covered by any other health
8 plan.

9 (9) "Dependent" means, at a minimum, the enrollee's legal spouse
10 and unmarried dependent children who qualify for coverage under the
11 enrollee's health benefit plan.

12 (10) "Eligible employee" means an employee who works on a full-time
13 basis with a normal work week of thirty or more hours. The term
14 includes a self-employed individual, including a sole proprietor, a
15 partner of a partnership, and may include an independent contractor, if
16 the self-employed individual, sole proprietor, partner, or independent
17 contractor is included as an employee under a health benefit plan of a
18 small employer, but does not work less than thirty hours per week and
19 derives at least seventy-five percent of his or her income from a trade
20 or business through which he or she has attempted to earn taxable
21 income and for which he or she has filed the appropriate internal
22 revenue service form. Persons covered under a health benefit plan
23 pursuant to the consolidated omnibus budget reconciliation act of 1986
24 shall not be considered eligible employees for purposes of minimum
25 participation requirements of chapter 265, Laws of 1995.

26 (11) "Emergency medical condition" means the emergent and acute
27 onset of a symptom or symptoms, including severe pain, that would lead
28 a prudent layperson acting reasonably to believe that a health
29 condition exists that requires immediate medical attention, if failure
30 to provide medical attention would result in serious impairment to
31 bodily functions or serious dysfunction of a bodily organ or part, or
32 would place the person's health in serious jeopardy.

33 (12) "Emergency services" means otherwise covered health care
34 services medically necessary to evaluate and treat an emergency medical
35 condition, provided in a hospital emergency department.

36 (13) "Enrollee point-of-service cost-sharing" means amounts paid to
37 health carriers directly providing services, health care providers, or

1 health care facilities by enrollees and may include copayments,
2 coinsurance, or deductibles.

3 (14) "Grievance" means a written complaint submitted by or on
4 behalf of a covered person regarding: (a) Denial of payment for
5 medical services or nonprovision of medical services included in the
6 covered person's health benefit plan, or (b) service delivery issues
7 other than denial of payment for medical services or nonprovision of
8 medical services, including dissatisfaction with medical care, waiting
9 time for medical services, provider or staff attitude or demeanor, or
10 dissatisfaction with service provided by the health carrier.

11 (15) "Health care facility" or "facility" means hospices licensed
12 under chapter 70.127 RCW, hospitals licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW,
13 rural health care facilities as defined in RCW 70.175.020, psychiatric
14 hospitals licensed under chapter 71.12 RCW, nursing homes licensed
15 under chapter 18.51 RCW, community mental health centers licensed under
16 chapter 71.05 or 71.24 RCW, kidney disease treatment centers licensed
17 under chapter 70.41 RCW, ambulatory diagnostic, treatment, or surgical
18 facilities licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW, drug and alcohol treatment
19 facilities licensed under chapter 70.96A RCW, and home health agencies
20 licensed under chapter 70.127 RCW, and includes such facilities if
21 owned and operated by a political subdivision or instrumentality of the
22 state and such other facilities as required by federal law and
23 implementing regulations.

24 (16) "Health care provider" or "provider" means:

25 (a) A person regulated under Title 18 or chapter 70.127 RCW, to
26 practice health or health-related services or otherwise practicing
27 health care services in this state consistent with state law; or

28 (b) An employee or agent of a person described in (a) of this
29 subsection, acting in the course and scope of his or her employment.

30 (17) "Health care service" means that service offered or provided
31 by health care facilities and health care providers relating to the
32 prevention, cure, or treatment of illness, injury, or disease.

33 (18) "Health carrier" or "carrier" means a disability insurer
34 regulated under chapter 48.20 or 48.21 RCW, a health care service
35 contractor as defined in RCW 48.44.010, or a health maintenance
36 organization as defined in RCW 48.46.020.

37 (19) "Health plan" or "health benefit plan" means any policy,

1 contract, or agreement offered by a health carrier to provide, arrange,
2 reimburse, or pay for health care services except the following:

3 (a) Long-term care insurance governed by chapter 48.84 RCW;

4 (b) Medicare supplemental health insurance governed by chapter
5 48.66 RCW;

6 (c) Coverage supplemental to the coverage provided under chapter
7 55, Title 10, United States Code;

8 (d) Limited health care services offered by limited health care
9 service contractors in accordance with RCW 48.44.035;

10 (e) Disability income;

11 (f) Coverage incidental to a property/casualty liability insurance
12 policy such as automobile personal injury protection coverage and
13 homeowner guest medical;

14 (g) Workers' compensation coverage;

15 (h) Accident only coverage;

16 (i) Specified disease or illness-triggered fixed payment insurance,
17 hospital confinement fixed payment insurance, or other fixed payment
18 insurance offered as an independent, noncoordinated benefit;

19 (j) Employer-sponsored self-funded health plans;

20 (k) Dental only and vision only coverage; and

21 (l) Plans deemed by the insurance commissioner to have a short-term
22 limited purpose or duration, or to be a student-only plan that is
23 guaranteed renewable while the covered person is enrolled as a regular
24 full-time undergraduate or graduate student at an accredited higher
25 education institution, after a written request for such classification
26 by the carrier and subsequent written approval by the insurance
27 commissioner.

28 (20) "Material modification" means a change in the actuarial value
29 of the health plan as modified of more than five percent but less than
30 fifteen percent.

31 (21) "Preexisting condition" means any medical condition, illness,
32 or injury that existed any time prior to the effective date of
33 coverage.

34 (22) "Premium" means all sums charged, received, or deposited by a
35 health carrier as consideration for a health plan or the continuance of
36 a health plan. Any assessment or any "membership," "policy,"
37 "contract," "service," or similar fee or charge made by a health

1 carrier in consideration for a health plan is deemed part of the
2 premium. "Premium" shall not include amounts paid as enrollee point-
3 of-service cost-sharing.

4 (23) "Primary medical eye care" means all health care services
5 within the scope of practice of optometry as defined in RCW 18.53.010,
6 whether provided or performed by a provider licensed under chapter
7 18.53, 18.57, or 18.71 RCW.

8 (24) "Primary medical eye care provider" means all providers
9 licensed to practice optometry as defined in RCW 18.53.010, whether
10 provided or performed by a provider licensed under chapter 18.53,
11 18.57, or 18.71 RCW.

12 (25) "Review organization" means a disability insurer regulated
13 under chapter 48.20 or 48.21 RCW, health care service contractor as
14 defined in RCW 48.44.010, or health maintenance organization as defined
15 in RCW 48.46.020, and entities affiliated with, under contract with, or
16 acting on behalf of a health carrier to perform a utilization review.

17 ((+24+)) (26) "Small employer" or "small group" means any person,
18 firm, corporation, partnership, association, political subdivision,
19 sole proprietor, or self-employed individual that is actively engaged
20 in business that, on at least fifty percent of its working days during
21 the preceding calendar quarter, employed at least two but no more than
22 fifty eligible employees, with a normal work week of thirty or more
23 hours, the majority of whom were employed within this state, and is not
24 formed primarily for purposes of buying health insurance and in which
25 a bona fide employer-employee relationship exists. In determining the
26 number of eligible employees, companies that are affiliated companies,
27 or that are eligible to file a combined tax return for purposes of
28 taxation by this state, shall be considered an employer. Subsequent to
29 the issuance of a health plan to a small employer and for the purpose
30 of determining eligibility, the size of a small employer shall be
31 determined annually. Except as otherwise specifically provided, a
32 small employer shall continue to be considered a small employer until
33 the plan anniversary following the date the small employer no longer
34 meets the requirements of this definition. A self-employed individual
35 or sole proprietor must derive at least seventy-five percent of his or
36 her income from a trade or business through which the individual or
37 sole proprietor has attempted to earn taxable income and for which he
38 or she has filed the appropriate internal revenue service form 1040,

1 schedule C or F, for the previous taxable year except for a self-
2 employed individual or sole proprietor in an agricultural trade or
3 business, who must derive at least fifty-one percent of his or her
4 income from the trade or business through which the individual or sole
5 proprietor has attempted to earn taxable income and for which he or she
6 has filed the appropriate internal revenue service form 1040, for the
7 previous taxable year. A self-employed individual or sole proprietor
8 who is covered as a group of one on the day prior to June 10, 2004,
9 shall also be considered a "small employer" to the extent that
10 individual or group of one is entitled to have his or her coverage
11 renewed as provided in RCW 48.43.035(6).

12 ~~((+25+))~~ (27) "Subcontract" means any agreement between a health
13 carrier and another entity whereby health care services are provided to
14 the health carrier's enrollees through providers contracted directly
15 with such other entity.

16 (28) "Utilization review" means the prospective, concurrent, or
17 retrospective assessment of the necessity and appropriateness of the
18 allocation of health care resources and services of a provider or
19 facility, given or proposed to be given to an enrollee or group of
20 enrollees.

21 ~~((+26+))~~ (29) "Wellness activity" means an explicit program of an
22 activity consistent with department of health guidelines, such as,
23 smoking cessation, injury and accident prevention, reduction of alcohol
24 misuse, appropriate weight reduction, exercise, automobile and
25 motorcycle safety, blood cholesterol reduction, and nutrition education
26 for the purpose of improving enrollee health status and reducing health
27 service costs.

28 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 48.43 RCW
29 to read as follows:

30 (1) For all contracts issued or renewed on or after January 1,
31 2009, a health benefit plan that includes primary medical eye care
32 shall provide for enrollees a complete list of health care providers
33 contracted with the health benefit plan, either directly or through a
34 subcontract, to provide primary medical eye care to enrollees, and all
35 such providers shall be available to all enrollees, subject to any
36 service area requirements of the plan.

1 (2) A health benefit plan that includes primary medical eye care
2 shall permit enrollees to access any primary medical eye care provider
3 contracted with the health benefit plan, either directly or through a
4 subcontract, to provide care to enrollees, on the same terms as the
5 enrollee has access to his or her primary care provider.

6 (3) A referral for specialty eye care services made by a primary
7 medical eye care provider contracted with the health benefit plan,
8 either directly or through a subcontract, to provide primary medical
9 eye care to enrollees, shall be deemed equivalent to a referral by a
10 primary care provider for all purposes, including enrollee
11 point-of-service cost-sharing calculations. A health carrier may
12 require by contract that a primary medical eye care provider notify any
13 gatekeeper or medical home for a patient who is referred for specialty
14 eye care services.

15 (4) Enrollee point-of-service cost-sharing requirements for primary
16 medical eye care shall be no greater than enrollee point-of-service
17 cost-sharing requirements for services provided by a designated primary
18 care provider.

19 (5) Health care providers contracted with a health carrier, either
20 directly or through a subcontract, to provide primary medical eye care
21 to enrollees, shall be paid for covered services included in the health
22 benefit plan, subject to other conditions in their contract.

23 (6) This section does not require and shall not be construed to
24 require any health plan to include coverage of any condition, including
25 primary medical eye care.

26 (7) Nothing in this section shall be construed to expand the scope
27 of practice for any eye care provider."

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28 On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "care;" strike the remainder
29 of the title and insert "reenacting and amending RCW 48.43.005; adding

1 a new section to chapter 48.43 RCW; and creating a new section."

EFFECT: Modifies the definition of a primary medical eye provider to all providers licensed to provide eye care services.

Clarifies that the health plan means health benefit plan.

Corrects references to primary care providers to be consistent with definitions used throughout Title 48 RCW.

Technical correction to section versus chapter so the bill does not inadvertently change definitions throughout Title 48 RCW.

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